### **NOTICE OF MEETING AND AGENDA**

### **GHI BOARD OF DIRECTORS OPEN MEETING** Begins At 7:00 p.m. Thursday, May 19, 2022

### VIRTUAL ZOOM MEETING ROOM

Members & Visitors may attend remotely.

- 1. Approval of Agenda
- 2. Certification of Election for Board of Directors and Audit Committee
- 3. Board Reorganization and Election of Officers
- 4. Code of Ethics Acknowledgement (Attachment #1)
- 5. Visitors and Members (Comment Period)
- 6. Approval of Membership Applications

### 7. Committee Reports

### 8. For Action or Discussion

- Appointment of Member Complaints Panels a.
- b. Designation of GDC Stockholders
- Proposed Meeting Dates for the Remainder of 2022 c.
- Approve Minutes of the Open Meeting Held on April 7, 2022 (Attachment 2 Minutes d. #2)
- e. Buildings Committee Report re: Plumbing Repair and Refurbishment Pilot Program – (Attachment #3)
- Request the Investment Committee to Review Bids and Recommend an Discussion/Action f. 5 Minutes Investor Firm to Invest GHI Funds 2 Minutes Discussion/Action
- Motion to Hold a Closed Meeting on June 2, 2022 g.

### 9. Items of Information

- a. President's Items
- b. Board Members' Items
- c. Audit Committee's Items
- d. Manager's Items

Ed James Secretary

Discussion/Action

Discussion/Action

Discussion/Action

Discussion/Action

Discussion/Action

5 Minutes

2 Minutes

10 Minutes

5 Minutes

### **MANAGER'S MEMORANDUM**

TO: GHI Board of Directors

FROM:

May 12, 2022 DATE:

Eldon Ralph, General Manager and Calph .

SUBJECT: Items for the GHI OPEN Board Meeting on May 19, 2022

### **GHI Open Meeting**

#### Appointment of Member Complaints Panels 8a.

This item is on the agenda so that three (3) Member Complaints Panels can be established for the 2022-23 Board term.

#### 8b. Designation of GDC Stockholders

After the election of the 2022-23 GHI Board of Directors, it is necessary to designate Greenbelt Development Corporation (GDC) stockholders. These persons are designated by the GHI Board to hold proxies for GDC stock that GHI owns. Traditionally, the GHI Board grants each GHI Director a proxy for 1/9<sup>th</sup> of the GHI shares of stock in GDC.

The stockholders will elect a new Board of Directors during the next GDC stockholders' meeting on June 2, 2022.

Suggested motion: I move that each member of the 2022-23 Board of Directors of Greenbelt Homes Inc., namely Stefan Brodd, Ed James, Deborah McKinley, Erin Bilveu, Chuck Hess, Denna Lambert, Jason Luly, Heather Mortimer, and James Whipple be granted a proxy for 1/9<sup>th</sup> of the GHI shares of stock in Greenbelt Development Corporation. These proxies shall remain in force until new proxies are voted.

#### 8c. Proposed Meeting Dates for the Remainder of 2022

The following dates are proposed for Board meetings until the end of 2022:

Thursday, June 2 <sup>nd</sup> at 7:00 p:m	Regular Board Meeting
Thursday, June 16 <sup>th</sup> at 7:00 p:m	Regular Board Meeting
Monday, June 20 <sup>th</sup> at 7:00 p:m	Training session re: Interpreting financial statements
Thursday June 23 <sup>rd</sup> at 7:00 p:m	Work session with the Buildings Committee re: their report on the plumbing repair and refurbishment pilot program
Sunday, July 10 <sup>th</sup> or Sunday, July 17 <sup>th</sup> from	In-person work session to update the Board's
9:00 - 4:00 p:m	Strategic Action Plan
Thursday, July 14 <sup>th</sup>	Regular Board Meeting
One of the following dates based on the City Council's availability:	Annual work session with the Greenbelt City Council
· July 11 <sup>th</sup> at 8:00 p:m	
· July 18 <sup>th</sup> at 8:00 p:m	
· July 25 <sup>th</sup> at 8:00 p:m	
Thursday, August 11 <sup>th</sup>	Regular Board Meeting
Thursday, August 25 <sup>th</sup>	Work session beginning @ 7.00 p.m. between the Board and Finance Committee re: preliminary discussions about the 2023 budget
Thursday, September 1 <sup>st</sup>	Regular Board Meeting
Thursday, September 15 <sup>th</sup>	Regular Board Meeting
Thursday, October 6 <sup>th</sup>	Regular Board Meeting
Thursday, October 13 <sup>th</sup>	Work session beginning @ 7.00 p.m. between the Board and Finance Committee re: the first draft of the 2023 budget, followed by a member input session.
Thursday, October 20 <sup>th</sup>	Regular Board Meeting
Thursday, November 3 <sup>rd</sup>	Regular Board Meeting - 1st reading of the 2023 budget
Thursday, November 17 <sup>th</sup>	Regular Board Meeting - 2nd reading of the 2023 budget

Thursday, December 1 <sup>st</sup>	Regular Board Meeting
Thursday, December 15 <sup>th</sup>	Regular Board Meeting

The Board may approve a schedule of meeting dates by consensus.

### 8d. <u>Approve Minutes of the Open Meeting Held on April 7, 2022 – (Attachment #2)</u>

### <u>Motion:</u> I move that the Board of Directors approve the minutes of the Open Meeting held on April 7, 2022 (*as presented/as revised*).

### 8e. <u>Buildings Committee Report re: Plumbing Repair and Refurbishment Pilot Program –</u> (Attachment #3)

Water supply pipes in masonry homes, and waste pipes in frame and masonry homes, are approaching the end of their useful lives and must be replaced or refurbished. In preparation for this eventual replacement/refurbishment, staff, the Buildings Committee and the Board of Directors undertook the following actions:

- a. On May 3, 2018, the Board directed the Buildings Committee to research pros and cons of relining vs replacing waste and water supply piping in frame and masonry homes and recommend which option should be adopted.
- b. On December 20, 2018, the Board accepted a report from the Buildings Committee on piping repair/replacement options. On January 17, 2019, the Board acted on the Buildings Committee recommendation and approved undertaking a study to evaluate plumbing pipes in a sample of frame and masonry homes.
- c. In 2019, staff prepared an RFP (Request for Proposals) document and sought bids from engineering consulting firms to conduct the study.
- d. On February 20, 2020, the Board approved a contract with Engineering and Technical Consultants (ETC) to evaluate the condition of plumbing pipes in a sample of approximately 10% of frame and masonry homes and design a pilot study to evaluate methodologies for the repair and replacement of pipe systems in frame and masonry homes.
- e. On November 19, 2020, the Board reviewed the ETC's report and decided to cancel the final phase of the ETC contract to develop a pilot program.
- f. On January 21, 2021, the Board requested the Buildings Committee recommend the next actions that should be undertaken in planning for the future repair/replacement of pipes in frame and masonry homes.

Attachment #3 is a comprehensive report from the Buildings Committee, which recommends that staff should organize and conduct a plumbing repair and refurbishment pilot program involving 24 to 32 units to test alternative technologies to 'hard pipe replacement.' The report

states that the primary purpose of the pilot program is to implement the pipe repair and refurbishment techniques associated with alternative technologies recommended, alongside a 'control group' of homes with hard pipe replacement to determine whether there are savings in materials and installation costs. The pilot project will also help to inform the Board and staff of member impacts related to displacement and illuminate challenges and opportunities related to communicating with, compensating, and working directly with members.

This item is on the agenda for discussion and action.

# <u>Suggested motion</u>: I move that the Board of Directors hold a work session with the Buildings Committee on June 23, 2022, to discuss the committee's report regarding a proposed Plumbing Repair and Refurbishment Pilot Program.

### 8f. <u>Request the Investment Committee to Review Bids and Recommend an Investor Firm to</u> Invest GHI Funds

GHI's Board of Directors first established an Investment Policy in April 1997. In March 1998, the Board established an Investment Committee to periodically invest funds which are not required for current operations and recommend modifications to the investment policy as appropriate.

The approach of the Investment Committee historically was relatively conservative, establishing a bond ladder of progressively maturing corporate bonds rated BBB or higher. The bond ladder was established with the expectation that the corporate bonds would be held to maturity keeping in mind the future cash needs of the cooperative and when that cash would be necessary. The Investment Committee also invested in bond mutual funds.

In 2019, the Board and the Investment Committee became aware that investments were not in accordance with the Prudent Person Rule. The Board sought a legal opinion on this matter and decided to change the approach. Since that time, investments have been made only in federally backed securities and money market funds.

Based on legal opinion in 2021, the Board of Directors decided that GHI may make investments in accordance with the Prudent Investor Rule, under the guidance of a qualified fiduciary investment advisor.

With assistance from the Investment Committee, staff prepared an RFP for Investment Advisory which was distributed to several firms on January 31, 2022. Unfortunately, only one (1) bid was received. After discussing the matter with the Manager, staff distributed the RFP a second time to fourteen (14) fee-only investment advisory firms. Staff followed up with each firm to confirm RFPs were received and inquire of their intentions to attend a pre-bid meeting and ultimately submit bids. Three (3) firms attended the pre-bid meeting in-person and one (1) firm attended remotely. Staff received four (4) qualified bids from the following firms:

- Bestgate Wealth Advisors LLC – Frederick, MD

- Beyond Profit and Wealth Consulting Laurel, MD
- Farr, Miller & Washington Washington, DC
- Impact Capital Strategies Washington, DC

Considering that the Investment Committee assisted staff in developing the RFP, and the importance of selecting the most appropriate firm, staff recommends that the Investment Committee and GHI's Director of Finance (staff liaison to the Investment Committee) should review the bids that were received and meet with the principals in closed meetings. After such review and interviews are complete, the Investment Committee should recommend which firm should be selected to provide Investment Advisory Services to GHI.

<u>Suggested motion</u>: I move that the Board of Directors direct the Investment Committee to review bids that four investment advisory firms submitted and to meet with their principals in closed meetings. The Investment Committee shall then make a recommendation to the Board of Directors by \_\_\_\_\_\_ regarding the firm that should be selected to provide Investment Advisory Services to GHI.

### 8g. <u>Motion to Hold a Closed Meeting on June 2, 2022</u>

<u>Suggested motion</u>: I move to hold a closed meeting of the Board of Directors at 7:00 pm on June 2, 2022.

### Greenbelt Homes, Inc. Director's Code of Ethics<sup>1</sup>

The board of directors, elected by the membership to serve our housing cooperative, Greenbelt Homes, Inc., is to act as a trusted agent and decision maker for the members' collective interest. The code of ethics developed here is a tool to used by each board member to guide and inspire actions and decision.

### Article I. Director's responsibility to the cooperative

A director has a duty of good faith and responsibility to the cooperative. This means that:

a) While acting in his or her official capacity, a director shall act in the best interests of the cooperative.

b) A director shall be diligent to ensure that the cooperative's interests are pursued during the meetings of the board of directors.

c) A director shall not use the position for personal profit, gain, or other personal advantage over other member shareholders of the cooperative.

d) A director shall not commit fraud or breach of fiduciary duty in the conduct of the cooperative's affairs.

To carry out this duty, here are some guiding rules to follow:

i) A director should not advance his or her personal interests while in official session at the expense of the cooperative.

ii) A director should not make personal attacks on other directors, staff, or member shareholders while performing official duties. Discussion should be directed to the issue, and not to the person who raises an opposing point of view.

iii) A director shall not accept commissions or rebates that belong to the cooperative for his or her personal gain.

<sup>1</sup>Adapted from the Code of Ethics of the National Association of Housing Cooperatives

### Article II. Honesty and Good Faith

A director has a duty to use care, skill, and diligence when carrying out official acts. This means that:

a) A director shall act honestly and in good faith, in a manner reasonably believed to be in the best interests of the cooperative, and with the care that a prudent person in a similar position would use under similar circumstances.

b) A director shall use his or her best efforts to keep apprised of legislation or regulations that affect the cooperative.

c) A director shall seek the knowledge necessary to make informed decisions in areas in which the director does not feel competent.

d) A director shall serve the interests of all member shareholders impartially and without bias.

e) A director shall advocate that the cooperative comply with applicable laws, codes, contracts, and agreements to which the cooperative is bound.

To carry out this duty, here are some guiding rules to follow:

i) A director is expected to make a diligent effort to become trained and skilled in the business of cooperative housing in such areas as finance, membership sale values, GHI rules, governance, and oversight.

ii) A director is expected to obtain a working knowledge of laws that regulate the cooperative, such as fair housing and minimum code restrictions that affect the cooperative and its operations.

iii) A director is entitled to rely upon information and reports presented by officers or other employees of the cooperative whom the director reasonably believes to be reliable and competent.

iv) A director is entitled to rely upon legal opinions, financial statements, and other information relating to matters that the director reasonably believes to be within the expertise of the person preparing the information.

### Article III. Scope of Authority

A director has a duty to act within the boundaries of his or her authority as defined in the charter and bylaws of the cooperative.

a) A director shall not represent that he or she has any authority outside of a duly called meeting of the board of directors, unless specifically so empowered by a majority of board members during an official meeting of the Board of Directors.

b) A director serving in an official capacity shall not violate government laws, including those that regulate the operations of the cooperative.

c) A director serving in an official capacity shall not violate the cooperative's charter.

d) A director serving in an official capacity shall not violate the cooperative's bylaws.

To carry out this duty, here are some guidelines to follow:

i) The corporate charter received from the State of Maryland defines the business that the corporation can conduct. GHI's bylaws describe how the cooperative will be operated.

ii) As the board of directors is obligated to comply with the bylaws of the cooperative, a director should have a working knowledge of the bylaws. Member shareholders who may have been wronged by the failure of the board of directors to comply with the bylaws may have a case of personal liability against the directors who violate the bylaws.

iii) A director, as a Board Liaison, shall not represent the board of directors, but should be a conduit of information for committees and the board of directors.

### Article IV. Conflict of Interest

A director has a duty to disclose to the Board of Directors every personal conflict of interest involving the cooperative.

a) A director shall make a prompt and full disclosure of any material personal interest, either direct or indirect, he or she may have in a transaction to which the cooperative is a party.

b) A director shall not vote on or participate in discussions or deliberations on matters when a conflict is deemed to exist other than to present factual information or to respond to questions presented.

c) A director shall assure that the minutes properly record his or her abstention on any votes on matters for which a conflict may exist.

To carry out this duty, here is a guiding rule to follow:

i) A director may vote on an issue that benefits the director if the issue is one that is decided for the general good of the cooperative and the membership. An example is voting to replace windows. If the motion is to replace all windows, you can vote. If the motion is to replace windows only in the houses in your court, don't vote.

### Article V. Confidentiality

A director shall not divulge or use for personal gain confidential information learned in one's role as director.

a) A director shall hold confidential all matters involving the cooperative until such time as there has been general disclosure of that information.

b) A director shall not have direct access to the member files.

c) A director shall seek or accept confidential member information only when his or her official duties create a specific, clearly defined need to know.

To carry out this duty, here are some guiding rules to follow:

i) A director must not reveal confidential bidding information from contractors or divulge unauthorized information about the review of bids.

ii) A director has a duty to protect the confidentiality of information learned in the applicant screening process.

### Article VI. Obligation of Non-interference

A director has a duty to participate in the operations of the cooperative only as authorized in the bylaws.

a) A director's primary obligation is to participate in the governance and policymaking process of a cooperative, and not in its operations.

b) A director shall not interfere with the staff's enforcement of the Mutual Ownership Contract (MOC) or GHI rules outside of a meeting of the board of directors.

To carry out this duty, here are some guiding rules to follow:

i) An individual director is not empowered to provide day-to-day work instructions to staff.

ii) An individual director does not have authority to waive compliance with any GHI rule or policy of the entire board of directors.

### Draft GHI Board of Directors Open Meeting (Virtual Zoom) Thursday, April 7, 2022 7:45 pm

Board Members Present: Brodd, Carter-Woodbridge, Hess, James, Luly, McKinley, Mortimer Excused Absences: Bilyeu, Lambert Others in Attendance: Eldon Ralph, General Manager Deanna Washington, Director of Member Services Joe Perry, Director of Finance Onyel Bhola, Director of Technical Services Jim Morris, Director of Maintenance Bruce Mangum, Contract Processor Everett Hitchner, Human Resources Manager Talyzia Jenkins, Administrative Assistant, Member Services Peter May, Program Administrator Sam Lee, Audit Committee Dave Benack, Audit Committee Dale Wilding, Audit Committee Molly Lester, 6-M Hillside Tom Adams, 33-Q Ridge Road Ben Fischler, 14-V4 Ridge Road David Morse, 46-D Ridge Road April Ashpes, 3-F Eastway Barbara Stevens, 46-A Ridge Road Shawnda Atkins, 24-N Ridge Road Stephen Holland, 56-E Ridge Road Henry Haslinger, 4-A Ridge Road Susan Harris, 5-J Ridge Road Ann Samuels, Recording Secretary Judith "J" Davis, Greenbelt City Council Member

President Brodd called the meeting to order at 7:45 pm

### 1. <u>Approval of Agenda</u>

### Motion: To approve the agenda as presented.

### 2. <u>Statement of a Closed Meeting Held on April 7, 2022</u>

GHI's Board of Directors held a closed meeting at 7:00 PM on April 7, 2022, via internet audio/video conference to discuss the following matters, as specified in the noted sub-paragraphs of the Maryland Cooperative Housing Corporation Act § 5-6B-19 (e) (1):

1.	Approve Minutes of the Closed Meeting held on February 17, 2022.	(vii)
2.	Consider Approval the Following Contracts:	(vi)
	<ul> <li>Engagement Agreement for an Attorney to Represent GHI During Negotiations with WSSC – 2<sup>nd</sup> reading.</li> </ul>	
	Cost Increase Requested by Contractor for 2022 Landscape	
	Maintenance Contract $-1^{st}$ reading.	
	• 2022 Contract for Spring Concrete Repairs - 1 <sup>st</sup> reading.	
3.	Review Bids Received for Technical Writer Services to Reformat the	(vi)
	Member Handbook and Board Policies.	
4.	Request by Estates of Two Former Members to Assign a Unit to GHI.	(iv)
5.	Member Financial Matters.	(viii)
6.	Member Complaint Matters.	(iv)

During the meeting, the Board authorized the Manager for second and final reading to sign the engagement agreement provided by Lerch, Early and Brewer to represent GHI during negotiations with WSSC based on the following fee-structure:

- Principals up to \$625.00 per hour
- Associates up to \$385.00 per hour
- Law clerks and paralegals up to \$270 per hour

The motion to hold the closed meeting was approved during the open meeting of March 17, 2022, by Directors Brodd, Bilyeu, Carter-Woodbridge, Hess, James, Lambert, Luly, McKinley and Mortimer.

### 3. <u>Visitors and Members (Comment Period)</u>

None

### 4. <u>Approval of Membership Applications</u>

<u>Motion</u>: I move that the Board of Directors approve the following persons into the cooperative and membership be afforded them at the time of settlement:

- David A. Crouse, Sole Owner, 3-D Gardenway;
- Melissa S. Kirkendall, Sole Owner, 1-C Laurel Hill Road;
- Alison H. Barlow, Sole Owner, 1-E Laurel Hill Road;
- Ryan M. Bolt, Theresa H. Bolt, Tenants by the Entirety, 54-H Ridge Road;
- Marie G. Unger, Sole Owner, 56-K Ridge Road;
- Teresa A. Szabo, Thomas L. Szabo, Tenants by the Entirety, 10-N Southway.

Moved: James	Seconded: Hess	Carried: 7-0

# <u>Motion</u>: I move that the Board of Directors approve the following Mutual Ownership recreation:

• Barbara A. Melvin, Jennifer L. Patterson, Joint Tenants, 2-C Northway.

Moved: James	
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Seconded: Hess

Carried 7-0

### 5. <u>Committee Reports</u>

Director McKinley reported that the Buildings Committee, per the Board's directive, is working on reviewing suggestions regarding the standards of transparency and protection for member rights when they are considering additions, permits, etc. She advised that the committee will eventually provide the Board with suggestions they believe should be considered.

Director McKinley reported that the Buildings Committee has forwarded the Plumbing+ Replacement Pilot Program Draft Report to General Manager Eldon Ralph and Board President Stefan Brodd. The Committee discussed separating out the evaluation of the heating piping in GDC's Parkway Apartment Buildings from the motion passed by the Board that included the heating piping along with the pipe replacement and refurbishment pilot study. The Committee hopes to finalize the swales information webinar in the near future.

Director McKinley reported that the Storm Water Management Subcommittee continues to explore a community-led mosquito control program. The Subcommittee is awaiting a revised storm water management proposal for the Larger Townhomes/Parcel X area.

### 6. For Action or Discussion

6a. <u>Approve Minutes of the Open Meeting Held on February 17, 2022 – (Attachment #2)</u>

# <u>Motion</u>: I move that the Board of Directors approve the minutes of the Open Meeting that was held on February 17, 2022, as presented.

Moved: James	Seconded: Hess	Carried: 7-0

Discussion moved forward to item 6c.

### 6b. <u>Review the Transition Survey Report – (Attachment #3)</u>

The Transition Task Force recently conducted a membership survey to obtain valuable information that the Board will consider in planning and executing the leadership transition and selection process for a new General Manager when the current Manager decides to retire.

Mr. Tom Adams, Chair of the Transition Task Force will attend the Board meeting to present the Transition Survey Report (attachment #3).

This item is on the agenda for discussion and action.

# <u>Motion</u>: I move that the Board of Directors accept the Transition Survey Report that the Transition Task Force presented.

Moved: James Seconded: Luly Carried: 7-0

### Discussion moved forward to item 6f.

6c. <u>Proposal to Establish a Task Force to Administer a Project to Reformat the Member</u> <u>Handbook and Board Policies</u>

On December 16, 2021, the Board authorized the Manager to seek the services of a technical writer, technical editor, or other professional with the necessary skill set to update, standardize, format, and revise the Member Handbook and Board policies for clarity and consistency.

A Request for Proposals that was sent to eleven consultants stated that a GHI task force comprised of three Board members and a staff liaison would be assigned to provide guidance and direction to the successful consultant during performance of the work.

This item is on the agenda for the Board to establish a task force to recommend selection of a consultant for the project based on the bids received and to provide guidance and direction to the consultant during performance of the work.

<u>Motion</u>: I move that the Board of Directors establish a task force, to be appointed by the President, with the General Manager as staff liaison, to interview consultants who submitted bids for Technical Writer Services to reformat the GHI Member Handbook and Board Policies and recommend a consultant to be hired. Further, I move that the Board direct the task force to provide guidance and direction to the consultant who is hired during performance of the work.

Moved: Hess

Seconded: Carter-Woodbridge

Carried: 7-0

6d. <u>Proposed Revisions to GHI Rules Due to Creation of a NCOZ for Old Greenbelt – (Attachment #4a-4b)</u>

After working on new zoning legislation for a number of years, the Prince George's County Council enacted a new Countywide Map Amendment (CMA) and Neighborhood Conservation Overlay Zone (NCOZ) regulations for Greenbelt (attachment #4a) with effect from April 1, 2022.

In particular, the following provisions are included in the NCOZ:

- An addition that increases the gross square footage of a unit by 15% or more will require review by the County Planning Director.
- Additions may not exceed 60% of the gross floor area of the original dwelling. Current GHI rules allow 100%.
- Garages may only be used for vehicle parking or general storage, and not for residential or other uses.

On January 20, 2022, the Board directed the Building Committee to recommend language revisions to relevant rules in the GHI Member Handbook, to make them consistent with the NCOZ. Attachment # 4b is a table of suggested Member Handbook rule changes that the Buildings Committee submitted, with recommendations that GHI should seek clarification on a few provisions of the NCOZ and the process that members must follow if they wish to obtain exceptions to construction standards specified in the NCOZ.

This item is on the agenda for discussion and action.

# **Motion #1**: I move that the Board of Directors adopt the language revisions to Sections IX.B, X.E.5, X.F.3 and X.G.7 of the Member Handbook as presented.

Moved: Mortimer	Seconded: Carter-Woodbridge	Carried: 7-0
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<u>Motion #2</u>: I move that the Board of Directors authorize Board President Brodd to send a letter to Mr. Chad Williams, Master Planner with the Maryland-National Capital Parks and Planning Commission seeking clarification on the following items:

- a) Accessory Structures and Accessory Buildings definitions, since it appears that accessory structures, such as fences, are not permitted in the service-side yard.
- b) What is meant by "Alterations, expansions, enlargements, or extensions shall maintain the roofline of the existing unit", since application of this provision would preclude one-story additions?
- c) The process that members must follow if they wish to obtain exceptions to GHI rules, that are regulated by the NCOZ provisions.

Moved: McKinley

Seconded: Mortimer

Carried: 7-0

6e. <u>Storm Water Management Subcommittee's Recommendations for Impervious Surface</u> Rules and a New Rule re: Run-off Capture & Control Requirements – (Attachments #5a-5b)

The Storm Water Management Subcommittee is proposing that the Board of Directors establish new rules regarding Impervious Surfaces (attachment #5a) and Run-off Capture and Control Requirements (attachment #5b).

The Impervious Surface Rules are intended to reduce or prevent flooding in GHI and reduce negative effects on area streams, by limiting the amount of impervious surfaces in GHI yards and requiring use of permeable materials. The proposed rules regarding Run-off Capture & Control Requirements specify several measures that members can implement to capture and/or control any increased runoff resulting from the construction of an exterior alteration, improvement, or addition.

This item is on the agenda for discussion and action.

<u>Motion</u>: I move that the Board of Directors direct the Manager to solicit comments from GHI's membership over a period of 30 days, regarding the proposed Impervious Surface Rules and Rule regarding Run-off Capture and Control Requirements as presented.

Moved: McKinley	Seconded: Carter-Woodbridge	Carried: 6-0
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Director Hess was absent during the vote.

Discussion moved backward to item 6b.

### 6f. <u>Staff's Recommendation to Revise the Pay Scales for GHI Employees – (Attachment #6)</u>

In July 2020, GHI contracted Compensation GPS to undertake a full review of salaries and benefits and recommend updated pay scales for various job descriptions. On February 4, 2021, the Board of Directors accepted Compensation GPS's report with a revised job classification structure and pay scales for staff positions and authorized the Manager to implement the pay scales that were presented with effect from January 1, 2021.

It is important to adjust GHI's pay scales periodically to ensure that pay levels for groups of jobs are competitive externally. Staff recommends that GHI should hire a Compensation Consultant every 3-5 years to review our job classification structure and salary scales. In the meantime, the Board should consider adjusting the pay scales based on the annual average Consumer Price Index or rate of inflation. The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported that the average Consumer Price Index for the Washington Metropolitan area was 4.0% for the 12-month period ending December 2021; incidentally, the Bureau of Labor Statistics reported that the wages and salaries for private industry workers advanced at a 4.2 percent pace in the Washington Metropolitan Area during the same period.

Attachment #6 shows the current pay scales and new pay scales that staff is recommending, based on a 4.0 % adjustment for inflation.

This item is on the agenda for discussion and action.

# <u>Motion</u>: I move that the Board of Directors authorize the Manager to implement adjusted pay scales as presented for the various grades of GHI employees, which represent a 4.0% increase over the pay scales that the Board approved on February 4, 2021.

Moved: Hess	Seconded: Mortimer	Carried: 7-0

### 6g. <u>Selection of an Option for Selling SRECS Produced by GHI's Solar PVES – (Attachment</u> <u>#7)</u>

GHI will be able to sell Solar Renewable Energy Credits (SREC) generated by its Solar Photovoltaic Electric System that SES Inc. installed. A SREC represents the 'green' value of electricity generated by the Solar PVES. One SREC will be earned for every 1,000 kilowatt hours of electricity produced. Some states such as Maryland have passed legislation that require utilities and /or other energy suppliers to source a certain percentage of the electricity they generate from renewable sources. Utilities can secure this solar power by building their own solar projects or purchasing the renewable energy credits on an open SREC market.

SES Inc. projected that there would be \$61,558 earnings in SRECS from GHI's Solar PVES during the first ten years. Attachment #7 provides information from SES about options for selling SRECS.

Since the date of the registration application for a Solar PVES is defined as the date SRECs begin accumulating value, staff proceeded to register GHI's operational Solar PVES through Sol Systems as GHI's broker.

The Board should request the Finance Committee to recommend how the SRECS produced by GHI's Solar PVES should be sold over the long term.

This item is on the agenda for discussion and action.

<u>Suggested motion</u>: I move that the Board of Directors direct the Finance Committee to recommend how the SRECS generated by GHI's Photovoltaic Electric System should be sold. The Finance Committee shall provide its recommendation by September 30, 2022.

Moved: Luly

Seconded: Hess

Carried: 7-0

### 6h. Motion to Hold a Closed Meeting on April 21, 2022

**Motion**: I move to hold a closed meeting of the Board of Directors at 7:00 pm on April 21, 2022.

Moved: Hess

Seconded: McKinley

Carried: 7-0

### 7. <u>Items of Information</u>

### 7a. <u>President's Items</u>

President Brodd reminded members that the Board would hold a Special Meeting on April 14, 2022 at 5 pm to discuss the 2022 Auditor's Report and the 2022 Annual Meeting Agenda.

President Brodd encouraged members to consider running for Board or Audit Committee in the upcoming election.

### 7b. Board Members' Items

Secretary James advised that he believed N&E had candidates for all open positions.

Director McKinley asked for information on the Candidates Forum and N&E's plan for holding the event. President Brodd said he had only heard that N&E was exploring options.

7c. Audit Committee's Items

None

### 7d. Manager's Items

GM Ralph advised of an agenda item regarding Annual Meeting registration that is requested for the Special Meeting President Brodd acknowledged.

### <u>Motion</u>: To adjourn.

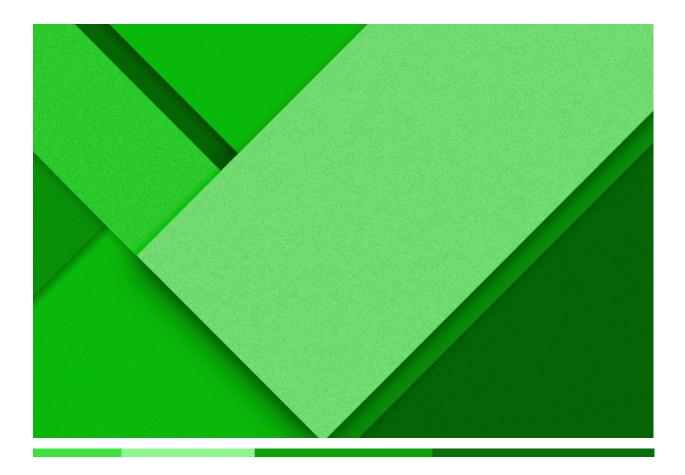
Moved: Hess

Seconded: McKinley

Carried: 7-0

The meeting adjourned at 8:47 pm.

Ed James Secretary



# GHI Pipe Repair / Refurbishment Pilot Program

2022 Report Presented by the GHI Buildings Committee



### Foreword

"Plumbing - that little thing between the Middle Ages and Modernity"

- Unknown

"Prunus domestica"

Published at 420 ppm

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## **Executive Summary**

The Buildings Committee recommends to the Board that staff should organize and conduct a plumbing repair and refurbishment pilot program on between 24 and 32 units to test technology alternatives to 'hard pipe replacement.'

**Purpose:** The primary purpose of this pilot program is to trial the pipe repair and refurbishment techniques associated with the technology alternatives recommended, alongside a 'control group' of homes with hard pipe replacement to determine whether there are savings in materials and installation costs. This pilot will also help to inform the BoD and staff of member impacts related to displacement and to illuminate challenges and opportunities related to communicating with, compensating, and working directly with members. The pilot program will also provide staff a sampling of pipes to examine to help determine the overall condition of GHI's plumbing infrastructure.

**Significance:** The supply pipes in masonry homes, and the waste pipes in all GHI homes, are approaching the end of their useful life and must be replaced or refurbished. If and when the pipes fail, it is very expensive and arduous to repair - more so than planned corporate replacement. Members can not opt out of pipe replacement because of the potential impact of pipe failures on neighboring units and GHIs historic homes. Unlike the HIP, members cannot remain in their homes during pipe repair and refurbishment, as it necessitates turning off both supply and waste services. This will likely result in greater considerations related to member displacement.

**Technique:** The techniques recommended by the Buildings Committee involve inspecting and thoroughly documenting member kitchens, bathroom, and wet wall areas; removing cabinetry and countertops in the way of pipe infrastructure; and cutting a hole in the wet wall dry-wall to gain access to the pipes. The technology alternatives proposed are: using PEX Grade A water supply pipe, lining waste pipes that are in acceptable condition rather than replacing them, and using PVC pipes in the interior of the unit. Water shut off valves as well as electrical inspection and limited repair are also discussed.

**<u>Timeline</u>**: The Buildings Committee recommends designing the pilot program in Summer of 2022; surveying, selecting, and communicating with pilot participants in early Fall of 2022; and conducting the repair/refurbishment work through Spring of 2023. Gathering feedback from members, as well as reassessing the replacement reserves related to expected costs, would follow completion of the pilot program.

The Buildings Committee has provided a recommended scope of work, next steps, and several proposed attachments at the end of this document to better help the BoD understand the context surrounding the recommendations contained herein.

## Purpose

The purpose of the proposed GHI Pipe Replacement/Refurbishment Pilot Program (GPRP) is to test methodologies for repairing and refurbishing water and waste pipes in GHI units, trial solutions for member displacement related to plumbing system replacement/refurbishment and make certain associated repairs.

Specifically, this Pilot Program would be designed to:

- 1. Determine effective methodologies for replacing and/or refurbishing existing piping, which has now reached or passed its projected useful life;
- 2. Identify technical and process solutions to improve the outcome of the GHI-wide replacement/refurbishment project;
- 3. Identify problem areas, both technical and member-related, and develop effective solutions;
- 4. Accurately identify and control the cost of the work;
- 5. Gauge and improve member experiences during the entire replacement/refurbishment process.

This Pilot Program would involve replacement/refurbishment work only, with no new construction or upgrading included. It is GHI's understanding that City of Greenbelt, Prince George's County, and WSSC permits are not required when doing repair work on our own property.

This Pilot Program is meant to be exploratory, meaning broader plumbing repair and refurbishment work would be informed by the outcome of this program, but would not necessarily match exactly in either scope, technique, or procedure.

# **Required Information**

The Pilot Program is designed to obtain information that GHI staff and leadership can use to structure the scope and organization of the eventual broader water and wastewater pipe replacement/refurbishment work in the majority of GHI units. Specifically, the work conducted during the Pilot Program should be observed and the information collected recorded to help address the following categories of questions:

### Member Impacts

- 1. What is the typical duration of work that directly impacts the member's use and safe access to their living space, including the necessary demolition and renovation of interior spaces in units?
- 2. Do hanging and/or floor cabinets, or countertops in the downstairs kitchen need to be removed? If so, is this true in all cases? If not in all cases, what factors are helpful to determine ahead of time whether cabinets must be moved and how should that be communicated to the member ahead of or during the pipe replacement?
- 3. Is the need to remove hanging and/or floor cabinets in kitchens the same for each of the units sharing the wet wall?
- 4. After refurbishment/replacement, will the member experience their unit any differently than before the work?
- 5. What kind of unexpected delays or impacts were encountered during the Pilot Program and how can these delays and/or impacts be mitigated or planned for during the larger replacement work?
- 6. Were there ancillary impacts, such as mold remediation, structural repairs, or other house system repairs during the Pilot Program? What contacts, contract vehicles, inspection tools, or protocols would have been useful to have in place to lessen and/or address any ancillary impacts?
- 7. Is it feasible to house members in GDC apartments rather than in local hotels for the duration of the replacement/refurbishment work? If members are housed in GDC apartments, what entity would be responsible for cleaning in between the members occupying the apartments? What would be the financial arrangement between GHI and GDC for housing members in GDC apartments?
- 8. What is the best way to compensate members for alternate accommodations in hotels? Reimbursement based on submitted bills? Provision of vouchers for a determined set amount? Direct billing of GHI by the selected hotel housing the member?
- 9. For hotel stays, is there an upper limit on the amount that GHI would compensate the member for? If so, how will this value be calculated? For example, will this value be based on US Government per diem rates or negotiated rates with various area hotels?
- 10. To what extent are there members who do not require reimbursement/payment for alternate housing (e.g., staying with family members, friends, etc.)?

- 11. Is there an expectation for members staying with family members, friends, etc. for some type of reimbursement for inconveniences?
- 12. Is it possible to include contract language explicitly requiring preservation of existing materials?
- 13. Is it realistic to cover the costs of replacing aging/broken associated fixtures, etc. connected to the piping being replaced/refurbished from the replacement reserves?
- 14. What are the difficulties of restoring kitchens and bathrooms given the great diversity in kitchen countertops, cabinets, tiling, etc. in GHI units?
- 15. If cabinets, tiles, countertops, etc. are damaged during the pipe replacement/refurbishment work, how realistic is it to replace the damaged materials exactly given the fact that some of the existing materials may no longer be available?
- 16. Is it realistic to install custom items in a kitchen or bathroom at a member's request and expense after the wet wall is repaired post pipe replacement/refurbishment?
- 17. Should GHI have a number of cabinets on hand to have as a default available for replacements or new installations?
- 18. Does the process of opening up wet walls during the pilot reveal that broader pipe repair/ refurbishment could safely and effectively happen with only one opening per wet wall side?
- 19. Should member access be prevented in total, or are there circumstances where a member could use parts of their home, including wifi/storage/yard etc...? What legal liabilities are associated with member access?

### **Execution Technique**

- 1. How large of a wall opening (hole/footprint) is required to replace the water supply and wastewater piping in wet walls and what is the degree of flexibility in its placement on the wall
  - a. For upstairs?
  - b. For downstairs?
- 2. Will masonry home wet walls be replaced with masonry (plaster) or with drywall, and is there a difference in cost associated with the material / technique used in replacement?
- 3. Is there an ideal or 'preferable' sequencing of work in a row of units that could be consistently implemented during the GHI-wide project?
  - a. What piping should be replaced/refurbished first, second, etc.?
  - b. Are there piping systems that can be worked on simultaneously?
  - c. Are there piping systems that can not be worked on simultaneously?

- 4. Are there additional issues associated with those units that have downstairs bathrooms? What are these issues and how are they best addressed? What effect does the presence of a downstairs bathroom have on the length of time needed to complete the work and the overall cost as compared to those units without downstairs bathrooms?
- 5. Are there any difficulties associated with piping interfaces between the replaced/refurbished piping and the existing exterior water supply lines and wastewater laterals?
- 6. What repeatable processes can be followed to ensure accurate and timely disconnection from utilities and are there lead times required for GHI staff to incorporate this disconnection into planning?
  - a. Lead times involved in 'giving notice' to disconnect a row from water and sewer.
  - b. Lead times involved in 'waiting for utility services' to be returned to normal for rows.
- 7. Is the systemic addition of water shut-off valves (interior) in units that currently lack them feasible to add, in terms of cost and complexity, to the planned scope of work for pipe replacement/refurbishment given that this work is not currently included in the replacement reserves estimate? If not feasible, is the addition of water shut-off valves (interior) a realistic option to offer members at their expense?
- 8. Is the systemic addition of insulation in the wet walls between units feasible to add, in terms of cost and complexity, to the planned scope of work for pipe replacement/refurbishment given that this work is not currently included in the replacement reserves estimate? If not feasible, is the addition of wall insulation a realistic option to offer members at their expense?
- 9. What documentation will GHI management need to secure from city, county, and WSSC authorities that the proposed pipe replacement/refurbishment work will not require the need for additional upgrades to meet more stringent codes?
- 10. Were units able to be inspected ahead of work to assess the state/location of pipes needing replacement versus refurbishment? Did the inspection appreciably benefit the replacement/refurbishment work?
- 11. Was WSSC reliably timely in shutting off/turning on utility services?
- 12. What is the final action that must be taken before the members can reoccupy their unit (e.g., county/city inspection and signoff on work performed)?
- 13. Should a Board policy be developed to cover alternative accommodations, allowances, limitations, and other topics before the Pilot Program begins? What revisions/modifications to the policy will be needed as a result of the information gathered during the Pilot Program?
- 14. Does GHI leveraging the right of first refusal to purchase GHI homes listed for sale enable cost savings (and other benefits) over providing hotel / housing vouchers to displaced members? Additionally, can GHI purchase units outright in preparation for member displacement resulting from plumbing repair / refurbishment. This would likely involve a cost/benefit analysis.

### **Expense and Risk**

- 1. What are typical actual costs of pipe replacement/refurbishment using the techniques recommended in terms of:
  - a. Direct labor hours
  - b. Permitting and other soft costs
  - c. Design and planning
  - d. Mitigating ancillary effects caused or discovered by the plumbing work?
- 2. Were the differences in cost different enough between the various alternative technology methodologies to warrant inclusion of the alternatives in the GHI-wide pipe replacement/refurbishment?
  - a. PEX
  - b. Waste pipe lining
  - c. Use of PVC in water supply piping.
- 3. Can expenses be limited by establishing at least a partially standard method of operation?
  - a. By eliminating a certain permit step (PG county permit based on drywall).
  - b. An order of pipes being replaced that is more cost effective than others?
- 4. Will pipe replacement / repair / refurbishment efforts external to GHI impact the proposed scope of work, or cause damage or additional costs associated with our own repairs?
  - a. Would delaying or otherwise restructuring GHI pipe repair / refurbishment work avoid these impacts?
  - b. Can cooperation / communication with WSSC or other involved entities avoid duplication of effort, given the long time frame of replacement?
- 5. Can GHI staff establish a simple, reasonable, and defensible framework for establishing limits on 'additional expenses' for a unit that is having its plumbing repaired.
  - a. If major issues are discovered such as mold, water damage, or structural damage.
  - b. If a unit's plumbing requires significantly more impact to the kitchen, bathroom, and wetwall areas than anticipated or initially communicated
  - c. If a member's displacement exceeds the expected duration for extraneous circumstances.
  - d. Should a written framework of 'how to address unforeseen costs' be approved by the BoD, or left up to GHI's expert technical staff?

The committee emphasizes that the pilot program and broader pipe repair / refurbishment work will be paid for by the replacement reserves - and that a major part of this pilot program is identifying whether or not the reserves have enough to pay for the relevant work for the broader cooperative. Ancillary work that is done simultaneously with plumbing pilot work should be accounted for properly as maintenance costs, e.g., mold remediation, drywall or structural repair, etc., not automatically attributed to pilot level costs.

### **Communications**

Clear and upfront communications between GHI staff and participating members will increase the chance of success in the Pipe Replacement/Refurbishment Pilot Program, as demonstrated by concerted effort to communicate during the Homes Improvement Project (HIP).

Communications should be designed to be two-way, meaning that members of the Pilot Program should be able to express concerns, preferences, and questions to GHI staff. Having a technically knowledgeable staff member with good communication skills take the lead on interacting with members will greatly facilitate the success of the Pilot Program. The scope of the Pilot Program is such that working with other committees, such as the Communication Committee and Architectural Review Committee, will enhance GHI's chances for a successful Pilot Program. Good intra- committee and Board communication will also be key to the success of the Pilot Program.

Some of the topics the Pilot Program will help elucidate and that will require communication to members are listed below. These topics are not presented in any particular order.

- Timing, scope, and cost of Pilot Program.
- How will units be selected for participation in the Pilot Program?
- What is the actual work being done?
- Appropriate lead times for notifications on different phases of work.
- What accommodations will be available and for how long will members need to be temporarily displaced from their units while work is done?
- How will the Pilot Program work impact their kitchens and bathrooms?
- How will these rooms be restored to a satisfactory condition?
- What extra costs, if any, will members need to pay?
- Who will be the lead GHI contact person for members to call/email?
- Other topics needed to be communicated with members.
- Clear direction to members about which parts of their home, exactly, they will not have access to and whether member action is needed to protect valuables or certain elements of their unit. Should this also involve changing the locks?
- Establishing ahead of time, and communicating clearly the incentives needed to draw enough colocated volunteers for the pilot program.
  - Does volunteering to the pilot enable broader flexibility of where / how pipes are repaired / refurbished? Can we even offer that and still call this 'repair' work instead of new construction, which brings in the county / city / wssc permitting requirements (We previously dodged).

# **Key Context**

As the units that comprise GHI age, so do the pipes that supply water and remove waste in those units. The masonry units have the original supply and waste pipes from the 1930s, while the frame unit's waste pipes date to the 1940s (the supply pipes were replaced in the 1980s). These aging pipes have begun to fail more frequently as their useful life dwindles. These failures are expensive, messy and disruptive. Additionally, such failures often cause "flooding" or water damage that is more expensive to cover by both GHI and a member's H06 insurance policy.

It is important that GHI acts uniformly and efficiently across the co-op to replace these aging pipes. Replacing the necessary pipes in units at the same time is more cost-effective than waiting for an opportune time for each individual member. It is certainly better than waiting for failures. A recent water supply failure in a single unit cost almost \$80,000 in damage and repair costs.

So what will be affected? The waste risers and lateral pipes for all GHI units and the water supply lines in the masonry units. Waste pipe risers and some water supply pipes are shared by adjacent units in the shared wall between units, often referred to as the wet wall. Therefore, two units will be affected simultaneously during the pipe replacement/refurbishment work. This work will require members to be temporarily displaced while water is shut off and pipes are refurbished and/or replaced. In addition to temporary displacement, kitchen cabinets and countertops may need to be removed to allow access to the pipes in the wet wall. All reasonable efforts will be made to save and re-install the member's cabinets and countertops.

In some cases, the refurbishment may affect the electrical panel on the wet wall. All attempts will be made to avoid those panels, but some units may require electricity to be shut off during replacement/refurbishment. The prospect of replacing the electrical wiring while the walls are open has been considered by the Committee. According to BC member Steve Skolnik, however, the wiring in the Cooperative should still be well within its lifespan. Any issues that are discovered during the electrical inspection component of the pilot program will be considered for remediation that may impact the full Cooperative project.

The costs of the refurbishment/replacement work itself, will be through the Replacement Reserve fees that are already part of the GHI monthly co-op payment. In 2018, the project was estimated to run at a cost of \$7500 per masonry unit. The cost of member displacement, according to the 2018 Replacement Reserve Study, was not specifically included as covered. This funding needs to be clearly defined for both the pilot and the full program. The Pipe Replacement/Refurbishment Pilot Program will determine whether a temporary increase to the replacement reserve fee must be added to cover the cost of unexpected situations such as increased project costs, mold remediation, electrical costs, and/or unuseable kitchen cabinets.

# **Proposed Pilot Program Structure and Timeline**

The pilot should include a sufficient number of rows and units to adequately trial the technology alternatives identified as potentially cost saving, while allowing for a number of 'hard pipe replacement' trials to establish a cost/process baseline. The work done on the selected rows can help to inform GHI as to the typical staff, expense, and time costs involved in repairing / refurbishing the plumbing in GHI homes.

During the pilot program, members would not have physical access to their GHI unit because the water and waste services will be interrupted to refurbish / repair the plumbing infrastructure. Additionally, the units will contain active construction zones. Therefore, this work would displace members and they would not be able to retrieve belongings or use the facilities inside of their GHI unit.

Member and Row Selection.

- 1. Finding members who would volunteer, get to have their kitchens/bathrooms replaced.
  - a. Do you have a place to stay 3-4 weeks with your children/pets? Have that be a selector.
  - b. Compensate displacement with <u>DMV area per diem</u> if they don't have a place to stay. Or negotiate with a hotel that has good standards, for a lower rate.
- 2. Arrange for mold / wood rot remediation and/or carpentry inspection and fixing services.
  - a. Not arranging contracts ahead of time but having good sources of help at the ready.
  - b. Having a negative air machine purchased / rented ahead of plumbing work.

Main Program Proposals: Trial PEX A (the high quality version) and Waste Lining replacement in addition to a 'Control' group.

### a. Size of Targeted Pilot (24 - 32 Units)

- **i.** 6-8 Blocks (2 to 3 rows)
  - 1. Targeting a duplex (row of 2) is encouraged.
- ii. 6-8 Bricks (2 to 3 rows)
  - 1. Targeting a duplex (row of 2) is encouraged.
- iii. 12-16 Frames (2 to 3 rows)

### b. <u>Recommended Scope of Work</u>

- i. Select and Survey Pilot Program Members
- ii. Inspect and Document Selected Kitchens, Bathrooms, and Wet Wall Areas with photographs and videos.
- iii. Secure rooms of the home not included in the pilot program work.
- iv. Confirm permitting/regulation requirements have been met or are not necessary.
- v. Identify and remove cabinetry, countertops, and other related interior features obstructing sufficient wet-wall access.
- vi. Test default 'hard pipe replacement' to identify cost/process baseline.
- vii. Test technology alternatives materials and techniques.
- viii. Add water shut off valves inside individual units.

- ix. Restoring member cabinetry, countertops, and interior design elements to match documentation.
- x. Restore water service and enable members to return to the unit.
- xi. Conduct post-work surveys to capture member feedback.
- xii. Document the project cost and identify areas of success/needed improvement in the process. This should include an analysis of the long-term costs of the hard pipe replacement and the technologies, including maintenance.

### c. <u>Pilot Member Selection</u>

- i. Because replacing the waste pipes in GHI units will necessitate simultaneous displacement of an entire row, the pilot program should identify and select a set of rows of units with multiple members expressing interest in participating, units with known plumbing issues, other extenuating circumstances, or a combination.
  - In order to map / establish where interest or most urgent need is, GHI should issue a survey to members (Attachment 2) explaining the need for the Pilot Program, the work and displacement involved, and the benefits of participating, namely that this major, unavoidable, and otherwise timing-uncertain disruption to indoor living space, will be concluded for the selected units.
  - 2. After survey results have been received, a map of interested members should be produced, either in a spreadsheet/database or on a visual physical map to help identify rows.
  - 3. The rows chosen should be representative of different unit types (brick, block, frame), unit number (duplex, 4 in a row, or potentially more), and relationship to plumbing services (pipes in crawl spaces or pipes elsewhere).
  - 4. While the variable of member interest in the pilot program can potentially illustrate which rows would express the most cooperation in participating, the Building Committee recommends that GHI ensure, at a minimum, that all unit types, as well as major plumbing infrastructure set-ups (crawlspace/other) be included for each of the 'control' and 'test' groups for trialing the alternative technologies identified.

### d. Pilot Member Displacement

- i. When members are selected as part of a row, but did not indicate an ability to live elsewhere for the identified period of disruption, they should be provided alternative accommodations.
- ii. , either in the form of a hotel voucher and per diem payment, or in temporary lodging in either a GHI unit that GHI owns or in a vacant GDC apartment.

### e. <u>Potential electrical system inspections and certain limited repairs</u>

- i. The overall concept of this <u>optional addition to the pilot project</u> is to, ahead of plumbing repair or refurbishment demolition / deconstruction work (during the initial inspection and documentation phase) inspect electrical systems without causing undue disturbance to existing wiring and equipment. It is specifically recommended that light fixtures NOT be removed, as this disturbs aging wiring and is likely to cause more harm than good.
- ii. Work items to be performed in this portion of the pilot program:

- 1. Visual inspection of main electrical equipment and unit circuit breaker panels -- includes removal of covers and inspection for evidence of heating at points of connection.
- 2. Inspect building ground system and test to meet code requirements for maximum resistance to earth.
- 3. Replace original electric range outlet if present. Inspect range cord and replace if the outer jacket is cracked or deteriorated.
- 4. Inspect all branch circuit receptacles, replace any that are broken or are overly worn (fail to securely hold a cord cap.) If any original ungrounded (2-prong) receptacles are discovered, these are to be replaced with grounding (3-prong) ones.
- 5. Inspect light switches and replace any that are broken.
- 6. If substandard or 'illegal' wiring or equipment is discovered, document and notify GHI Director of Maintenance.
- 7. The work does not include providing any new wiring or electrical equipment.
- 8. Conduct infrared scans of the building, including the main service for hot spots.
- iii. Pros and Cons of including Electrical Work in Pilot Program.
  - The Buildings Committee acknowledges that this work will add complexity and cost to the pilot program - but may result in some efficiencies by avoiding a separate visit to homes in the future. If electrical inspection is included, it would need to happen prior to plumbers working on infrastructure - as electricians will need to turn off the electricity to safely inspect and repair - and plumbers need electricity to do their work.

# **Estimated Costs (Categories)**

GHI replacement reserves for the wider cooperative are scheduled to be updated in 2023, informed largely by the results of the pilot program. The cost categories associated with the pilot program. that the committee recommend be considered are as follows:

### **Definite costs**

- 1. Inspection, Refurbishment, Repair, and Limited Replacement of water supply (masonry) and waste piping (all).
- 2. Demolition (or deconstruction) and replacement of pilot member unit cabinetry, tile, countertop, and other interior wall elements (all homes).
- 3. County, City, and WSSC inspection and permitting fees, and associated GHI staff time.
- 4. Vouchers for displaced pilot program members (hotel) or expenses associated with temporary accommodations for displaced pilot program members in GDC apartments.
- 5. Installation of water shut off valves where currently inaccessible/non-existent.
- 6. Staff time connected to coordinating pilot member selection, communication, and information gathering (before, after surveys, member feedback, issues with plumbing infrastructure or interior element replacement)

- 7. Materials needed to trial alternative technologies identified
  - a. PEX (Water Supply), Pipe Lining (Waste Pipes), and Hard Pipe Replacement.

### Potential additional costs.

- 1. Pipe Inspection, repair, refurbishment, and replacement of plumbing infrastructure in first-floor bathrooms.
- 2. Replacement of interior components that do not survive removal/are not able to be reinstalled (counter tops, cabinets, backsplashes, ornamental elements), including staff time required to document original and post-refurbishment features, purchase of supplies and materials suitable for replacement, and coordination with pilot program members.
- 3. Remediation of issues discovered upon inspection of interior wall areas (mold, carpentry issues, and other damage to walls)
- 4. Unexpected but necessary structural repairs
- 5. Per diem expenses for pilot program members that are required to remain outside of their homes for longer than the expected standard time period (committee recommends 4 weeks).

## **Next Steps**

- 1. Implement active information sharing about the upcoming pipe repair and refurbishment work with all plumbing related permit applicants. (Attachment 1)
  - a. What is being replaced and implications to kitchen and bathroom areas
  - b. Timeline
  - c. Displacement
- 2. Policy Recommendation (Maintenance Visit Replacements).

The Board should consider a policy on replacing pipes as part of member renovations that will significantly affect the wet wall. Data should also be collected during the pilot on how such pipe replacement could be done, what degree of coordination would be necessary between GHI staff and members, and what such pipe replacement would cost compared to bulk hard piping replacement.

This policy:

- should be made readily available for use by maintenance/technical services staff and included in staff briefings.
- Be put in place ahead of the broader pipe replacement effort and remain in force until pipe replacement is completed
- Be applied to both sets of pipes in a shared wet wall if a single unit is renovating.
- 3. The GHI BoD should direct staff to investigate and apply for available rebates for pipe upgrades. Rebates that require additional compliance, work, or reporting should be evaluated using a cost-benefit analysis as part of the decision to pursue rebates.
- 4. The Board should consider how to advise staff on protocols related to issues gaining needed access to the unit as a result of:
  - a. Member unwillingness to cooperate
  - b. Expensive/custom/risky kitchen trims or conditions that might impair work
  - c. Hoarding (did HIP require the unwilling members to sign for responsibility? Members can not opt out in this case).
  - d. Other obstacles.
- 5. Prepare and distribute a 'Member Interest' survey to gauge and map member willingness to participate / volunteer in the pilot program (example form Attachment 2).
- 6. Once members are selected for the Pilot Program, issue a pre-pilot satisfaction survey (example Attachment 3) to help set a baseline for their use/enjoyment of their home

related to the plumbing infrastructure. Note: the 'after' survey should contain explicitly separate sections on a) the function/use of the plumbing service in their home and b) their experience in the plumbing pilot program.

- 7. Policy Recommendation (unwilling members)
  - a. The Buildings Committee strongly recommends that members not be allowed to 'opt out' of broader plumbing repair and refurbishment, as pipe failure can (and eventually will) lead to severe and costly impacts to their units, adjacent units, and the cooperative as a whole.
  - b. In conjunction with, or ahead of the plumbing pilot program, the BoD should consider determining a procedure or policy for addressing the situation of a GHI member who is unwilling to vacate, for the requisite length of time, their unit for the purpose of plumbing repair/refurbishment.
    - i. Members may be resistant or unwilling to vacate their homes for many reasons some very valid. However, this unwillingness or lack of availability cannot be allowed to result in a unit being skipped.
    - ii. Enough warning (multiple years in advance, if possible)
    - iii. Mitigated through clearly defined interior furnishing replacement protocols
- 8. If possible, usable material removed from homes should be donated, recycled, or sold to offset the cost of the pilot project. While the Buildings Committee does not possess specific expertise on this, the pilot project may help to illuminate possible outflows of material other than the landfill, which, for the broader pipe repair work on the 1600 homes, will be very significant.
- 9. Contact the insurance company and/or legal counsel to determine what steps, if any, would be required to allow for weekend-access for members that are displaced from their homes. This access would not include use of the plumbing services.
  - a. The process for members getting access to their homes would involve contacting Technical Services to communicate the need for member accessibility.
- 10. Determine if there is a way to schedule broader pipe repair/refurbishment work either in conjunction or immediately following WSSC work connecting utility infrastructure to the houses.

Attachment 1: Example Response to Member Application for Permit involving kitchen, bathroom, or other wet-wall areas.

"Hello, thank you for applying for a Permit Type XX.

In the coming year (2022-2023) GHI staff will be conducting a <u>pilot program</u> to test methods of repairing or refurbishing aging pipes in GHI homes (all types). This program will involve some units being temporarily vacated while contractors, technical experts, and staff evaluate technologies, methodologies, and costs for inspecting, repairing, and refurbishing plumbing infrastructure within and below GHI homes. This work will likely involve the removal or demolition of certain aesthetic features of GHI bathrooms, kitchens, and wet wall areas. The exact methodologies for determining to what extent member aesthetics / interior features will be restored is still being determined, in part, by this pilot program.

Following the pilot program, GHI staff will develop a timeline and plan for replacing aging plumbing infrastructure in the wider cooperative. This repair and refurbishment work is currently planned to take place from 2024 - 2032, and will involve elements of demolition needed to access plumbing infrastructure.

Members are encouraged to consider, plan, and make upgrades to their kitchens, bathrooms, and wet wall areas with <u>upcoming plumbing repair and refurbishment in mind</u>. This repair and refurbishment work cannot be opted out of by members, as it is necessary to prevent costly and hazardous pipe failures that potentially affect multiple homes.

While GHI staff is committed to ensuring that the planned plumbing work leaves the infrastructure safe and functional, there is no guarantee that member household aesthetics, cabinetry, or other interior elements will be restored to match the original state of the affected areas, or to the member's exact preferences. "

### Attachment 2: Member Selection Interest Form

Hello,

GHI staff is in the process of selecting rows of units for the Plumbing Repair and Refurbishment Pilot Program. The purpose of this pilot program is to test technologies, techniques, and processes that can safely and efficiently restore and repair aging plumbing infrastructure within and below our homes. While the exact methods and materials used in broader pipe refurbishment are still being determined, in part, by the results of this pilot program, the following is currently planned in all units that will be involved.

- 1. Installing a member-accessible water shut-off valve if one does not currently exist.
- 2. Inspecting, repairing, refurbishing, and/or replacing waste pipes in frame homes.
- 3. Inspecting, repairing, refurbishing, and/or replacing water supply pipes and waste pipes in masonry homes.
- 4. Inspecting interior spaces containing pipe infrastructure and resolving or remediating major issues identified (mold, carpentry issues, etc...)
- 5. Removing and replacing cabinetry, countertops, or other interior features to enable access to plumbing infrastructure.

During the pilot program, members would not have physical access to their GHI unit because the water and waste services will be interrupted to refurbish/replace the plumbing infrastructure. Additionally, the units will contain active construction zones. Therefore, this work would displace members and they would not be able to retrieve belongings or use the facilities inside of their GHI unit.

- 1. Would you like your unit to be considered for inclusion in the pilot program (planned for some time during 2022 2023)?
  - a. Yes
  - b. No
  - c. Don't Care
  - d. Not sure/need more information
- 2. If your unit were to be selected for inclusion in the pilot program, do you and/or your family have a place they could relocate to for approximately 3-4 weeks while work is being done in your unit? (relatives, summer home, flexible vacation etc...)
  - a. Yes
  - b. No
  - c. Not Sure
- 3. Do you own/cohabitate with pets that would need special accommodation while the work was going on, AND that could not travel with you during the 3-4 weeks that work was taking place.

- a. Yes
- b. No
- c. Not Sure
- 4. Are there existing issues with the function of your home's plumbing infrastructure or fixtures (sinks, showers).
  - a. Yes
  - b. No
  - c. Not Sure
- 5. Do you intend to make an alteration to your kitchen, bathroom, or wet-wall in the next 5 years?
  - a. Yes
  - b. No
  - c. Not Sure
- 6. Does your unit currently have a water shut-off valve you can access?
  - a. Yes
  - b. No
  - c. Don't know

Attachment 3: Before Survey: Member satisfaction and concern regarding their unit's plumbing infrastructure.

Please let us know about your current satisfaction or concerns about your unit's plumbing.

- 1. How satisfied are you with your current plumbing infrastructure (1-10)?
- 2. Do you currently maintain an active HO6 insurance policy?
- 3. Do you have concerns associated with (select any that apply)
  - a. \_\_\_\_ Water pressure
  - b. \_\_\_\_ Leaks
  - c. \_\_\_\_ Corrosion / fixture issues
  - d. \_\_\_\_ Smells or Sounds
  - e. \_\_\_\_ Access (water shut-off, issues in operating plumbing)
  - f. \_\_\_\_ Other
  - g. If you selected any, please explain here:

- 4. Have you contacted GHI regarding your unit's plumbing in the last 18 months?
  - a. If so, what about \_\_\_\_
  - b. Was the issue addressed satisfactorily?
    - i. Yes
    - ii. No
    - iii. Not Sure

Attachment 4: GHI Unit - In-Process-Work Entry Liability.

During the GHI Plumbing Repair and Refurbishment Pilot Program, GHI staff and contractors need uninterrupted access to units in order to inspect, examine, document, and conduct work. This work will involve heavy machinery that requires training to use and should be handled only by licensed professionals. Members seeking access to their homes during the Pilot Program are asked to contact Technical Services 48 hours ahead of time, and are asked to sign a waiver of liability, since parts of the home will be an active construction site.

I, the undersigned, understand that in entering my unit during the plumbing repair / refurbishment work that:

- 1. No children should be permitted into the unit
- 2. My unit may contain an active construction zone related to plumbing work.
- 3. GHI is not responsible for injury or property damage related to me entering the unit while plumbing repair / refurbishment work is going on.
- 4. The water and waste service has been suspended. This means that the sinks, showers, tubs, toilets, or other plumbing-connected services will not be functional during the plumbing repair / refurbishment work.

 [Member name]
 [Signature]
 [Address]
 [Date]